Occupations and Workplaces

Teachers

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What does a teacher do?

A teacher is a person who helps students to acquire knowledge, prepares lesson plans, and educates students at all levels. Their general tasks may include to:

- Prepare lesson plans, teach students, assign homework, grade tests, and documents progress.
- Carry out the supervisory duties and instructional programs as assigned by the principal.
- Co-operate with the principal and other teachers to establish and maintain a safe environment in the classroom or at the workplace, as well as use consistent disciplinary practices.
- Assist the principal in maintaining co-operation with the community.
- Participate in meetings with students' parents or guardians.

What are some health and safety issues for teachers?

There are several potential health and safety hazards associated with teacher's duties, including:

Biological hazards

- Risk of exposure to blood and infection from others or items.
- Risk of biological hazards such as bacterial, fungi, viruses and other infectious agents such as hepatitis B, hepatitis-B, hepatitis-B,

• Exposure to mould.

Chemical hazards

- Injuries from contact with laboratory chemicals, cleaning solutions, plants, or animals.
- Exposure to fumes (e.g., welding) in technical shops.
- Exposure to gases (e.g., carbon monoxide).
- Handling of flammable, reactive, explosive, or corrosive products, especially in the laboratory.

Ergonomic risks

- Sitting for long hours.
- Standing, bending, stretching and lifting.
- Repetitive Motion injuries (RMIs), including carpal tunnel syndrome.
- <u>Inadequate lighting</u> (glare, low levels, etc.) which may cause workers to adopt awkward postures.

Physical hazards

- Indoor air quality.
- Noise.
- <u>Temperature</u> (heat and cold stress).
- Exposure to materials such as <u>asbestos</u> in older buildings.

Psychosocial hazards

- Risk for <u>workplace violence</u> and <u>bullying</u>.
- Working with students who require accommodations or assistance.
- Internet harassment.
- Workplace stress.
- Fatigue.

Safety hazards

- Exposure to moving parts in technical shops.
- Electrical hazards.
- <u>Fire</u> hazards.
- · Working alone.

- Situations that require appropriate <u>personal protective equipment</u>.
- Slips, trips, and falls.

What are some preventive measures for a teacher?

Biological hazards

- Treat all body substances such as blood and bodily fluids as potentially infectious use safe work practices for <u>infection control</u> when cleaning these substances.
- During situations such as the <u>covid-19 pandemic</u>, follow the guidance from your employer, local public health authority, or government.
- Wash hands regularly, especially before and after working with students and other coworkers to prevent infection.
- Consider immunization against <u>Hepatitis A</u>, Hepatitis B, <u>influenza</u>, MMR (measles, mumps, and rubella), and others as appropriate.

Chemical Hazards

- Follow your training in <u>WHMIS</u> and safe handling of hazardous products.
- Read and understand the information on the <u>safety data sheets</u>.
- Follow safe work practices.
- Safely store and dispose of products.
- Use a less harmful product where possible.

Physical hazards

- Report indoor air quality concerns to your employer, including if you suspect the ventilation system is not working properly.
- Report when there are issues with the lighting in your work area or classroom.
- Ask for assistance in reducing noise levels.

Psychosocial hazards

- Follow the workplace's workplace violence prevention policy and program.
- Know how to recognize warning signs of workplace violence, and how to report incidents.
- Know and follow any student safety plans that are in place, as appropriate.

Safety

- Inspect tools and equipment and make sure they are in good condition. Clean all equipment after each use.
- Make sure all sharp equipment is disposed of in a safe manner.
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces.
- Wear appropriate footwear and keep walking surfaces clean.
- When necessary, wear appropriate <u>personal protective equipment (PPE)</u>, including appropriate <u>respirators</u>, <u>masks</u>, eye <u>protection</u>, and <u>gloves</u>.
- Follow electrical safety measures.
- Follow precautions for fire safety, including the use of fire extinguishers.

What are some good general safe work practices?

Teachers should consider the following safe work practices:

- Practice good <u>hand washing</u> techniques.
- Practice safe lifting techniques.
- Work safely with equipment, tools, and ladders.
- Follow SDS recommendations when working with products.
- Properly select, use, maintain and store <u>PPE</u>, where appropriate.
- Understand the risks of fatigue.
- Follow your school or organization's prevention policies about violence (general).
- Know what to do when working alone (general information).

All workers should:

- follow the school's or organization's safety rules.
- know about WHMIS and SDSs.
- know your <u>hazard reporting</u> procedures.
- follow good housekeeping procedures.

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